## 2016 muibem (ii)

## RURAL AND MICROFINANCE

Paper: 1:5 10 11 (b)

(Finance Major)

Full Marks - 80

Time - Three hours (1)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Select the most appropriate answer from the multiple choices given against each. 1×6=6
  - (a) "Microfinance is meant for women clients only." This statement is:
  - (i) True (ii) False.
  - (b) The provision of guaranteed minimum wage employment under MGNREGA-2005, for:
    - (i) 72 days (ii) (ii)
    - (ii) 100 days | bms 182 molf (iii)
    - (iii) 150 days and to snow (m)
    - (iv) 200 days.

Turn over

(c) Which type of loan is provided by NABARD under agricultural finance?
(i) short term
(ii) medium term
(iii) long term was grad grading
(d) all of the above.
(d) "Rural finance service covers consumption needs." This statement is:
(i) True (ii) False.
(e) "Urban communities are characterised by predominance of primary group of relationship." This statement is:
(i) True (ii) False. as afforcible (a)
(f) SHG in India, in its introductory form, was an intiative of:  (i) SBI
(ii) NABARD (ii)
(iii) Both SBI and NABARD
(iv) None of the above.
(iv) 200 days,

- 2. Answer the following in about 50 words each: 2×5=10
   (a) Define rural environment.
  - (b) What is meant by village industries?
  - (c) Define 'micro credit'.
  - (d) State the various sources of rural finance.
  - (e) Mention the institutions financing the long term agricultural needs of the rural people.
- 3. Answer any four of the following in about 100 words each:  $4\times4=16$ 
  - (a) Give a brief account of population structure in India.
  - (b) Distinguish between rural and urban area.
  - (c) Discuss the basic functions of NABARD.
  - (d) Briefly narrate the role of RRBs in financing rural needs.
  - (e) Explain the benefits of microfinance.
  - (f) Describe the structure of Primary Agricultural Credit Cooperative Societies (PACCS).
- 4. Answer the following in about 600 words each: 12×4=48
  - (a) What are the various forest resources in North East India? How do they influence the rural economy? Discuss. 6+6=12

8/4(SEM-1) RAMF M1 (3) (3)

(3) [Turn over

State the characteristics of rural economy in India. How does it differ from urban economy? 11 vd 11 6+6=12

(b) What is microfinance? Elaborate the role of microfinance in rural development. gnot off giffensiff encitations the long 4+8=12

term agricultural needs of the rural people.

Give a brief account of population structure

Write a detailed note on the different forms of rural industries and their relevance.

6+6=12

(c) Give the meaning of 'rural indebtedness'. Suggest solution to overcome the problem of rural indebtedness.

Or

Discuss the role of RBI in extending and regulating rural credit. 12

(d) What is meant by 'co-operation'? State and explain the various principles of co-operation. swer the following in about 600 words each:

4+8=12

Or

Discuss the features and functions of Land Development Bank. 4+8=12 the rural economy

8/4(SEM-1) RAMF M1 (4) 5000(G)