B.Sc_HC_6Sem_ Che_Sem6_HC1_2022

Total number of printed pages-7

3 (Sem-6/CBCS) CHE HC 1

2022

CHEMISTRY

enteresting (Honours)

Paper : CHE-HC-6016

(Inorganic Chemistry–IV) Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following : (any seven) 1×7=7
- (a) Name the co-catalyst used in Wacker process.
- (b) In qualitative analysis of basic radicals, hydrochloric acid is preferred to nitric acid for preparing a solution of given substance. This is because —
- (i) nitric acid contains nitrogen
 - (ii) chlorides are easily converted to sulphides

Contd.



(iii) hydrochloric acid is not an oxidising acid

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(iv) nitrates are not decomposed to sulphides

(Choose the correct option)

- (c) Arrange the metallocenes of Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co and Ni, in the increasing order of their stability.
- Give the structure of the following (d)organometallic compound : Bis[(tricarbonyl)(η° -cyclopentadienyl)] dimolybdenum.
- The total number of metal-metal bonds (e)in $Ru_3(CO)_{12}$ and $Co_4(CO)_{12}$ are _____ and _____ respectively.

(Fill in the blanks)

Find the hepticity of C_5H_5 (f)restored (cyclopentadenyl) and rings (a) in $Fe(C_5H_5)_2(CO)_2$.

(g) Why is Zn not precipitated as its sulphide in acidic medium ?

(h) What are aquation reactions ?

(i) Give the chemical formula and geometry of Vaska's complex.

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- (j) Name the metals that are used as catalysts in the Fischer-Tropsch synthesis of gasoline.
- 2. Answer the following questions : (any four) 8=4×2 Why are stansition metal and 2×4=8

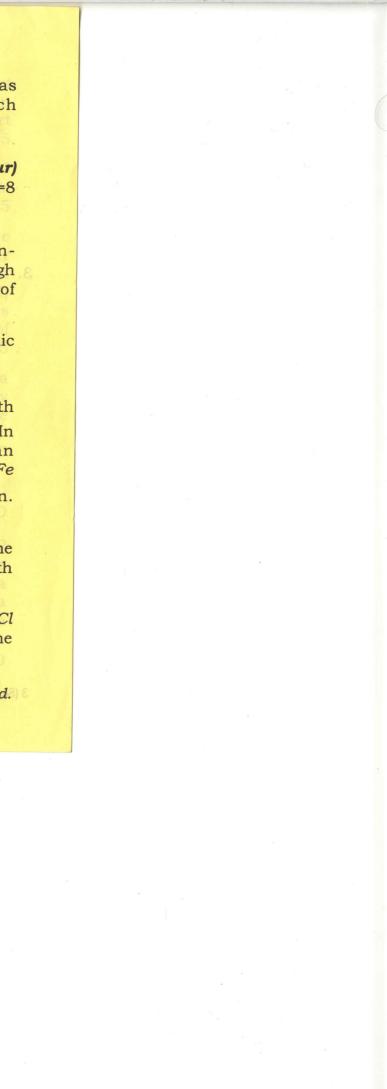
(a) What is π -acidity ?

- (b) Give examples of two oxidationreduction reactions occurring through the transfer of atoms or groups of atoms.
- Distinguish between thermodynamic (C) stability and kinetic stability.
- $[Mn(CO)_4NO]$ and $[Fe(CO)_4CN^{--}]$ both (d)have trigonal bipyramidal structure. In the Mn complex, NO occupies an equatorial position while in the Fe

complex, CN^- is at axial position. Explain.

- The Ni C bond length in nickelocene (e) is longer than the Fe - C bond length in ferrocene. Explain.
- Why is it essential to add dil. HCl *(f)* before proceeding to the test for the basic radicals of group II ?

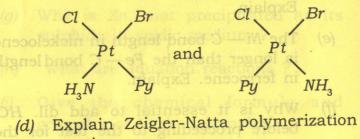
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(g) Which of the following complexes have lower v_{co} value in the IR spectrum? Rationalize your answer.

 $Mo(CO)_4(PMe_3)_2$ and $Mo(CO)_4(PPh_3)_2$

- (h) Why are transition metal aryls more stable than the transition metal alkyls ?
- 3. Answer **any three** of the following : 5×3=15
 - (a) How does vibrational spectra help to understand bonding in metal carbonyls ?
 - (b) Discuss the role of Wilkinson's catalyst in hydrogenation of alkenes.
 - (c) What is trans effect? Using the concept of trans effect, how will you arrive at the following products? 1+4=5

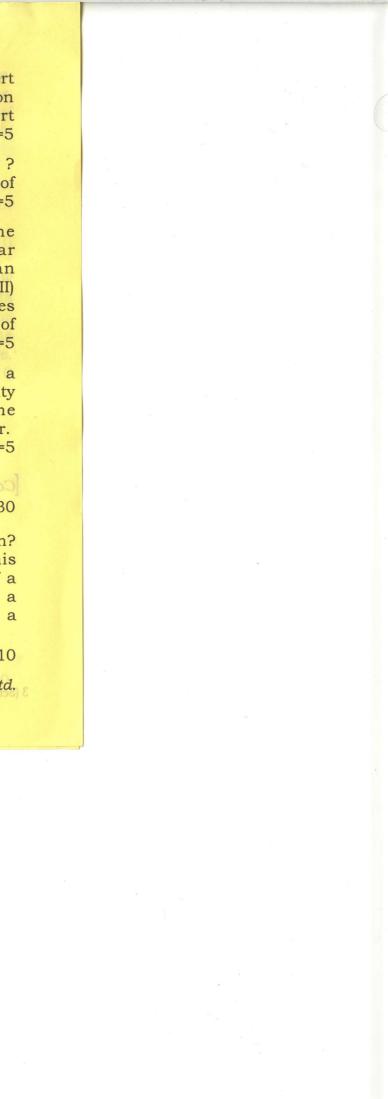


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- (e) What do you mean by labile and inert complexes ? How does the d-electron configuration affect the labile/inert nature of complexes ? 2+3=5
- (f) What are metal olefin complexes ? Discuss the bonding and structure of Zeise's salt. 1+4=5
- (g) How will you establish that the substitution in square planar complexes proceeds through an associative mechanism ? Why are Ni (II) and Pd (II) square planar complexes more labile than square complexes of Pt (II) ?
- (h) What is meant by hepticity of a ligand ? Show clearly that the hepticity of a ligand varies from one organometallic compound to another. 2+3=5
- 4. Answer **any three** of the following : 10×3=30
 - (a) What is hydroformylation reaction? Name three catalysts used in this reaction. Discuss the mechanism of a hydroformylation reaction using a suitable example. Why is such a reaction industrially important ? 1+3+4+2=10

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(b) Write notes on the following : $2\frac{1}{2}\times4=10$

(i) Reductive carbonylation

- (ii) Synergic effect
- (iii) 18 electron rule
- (iv) Polarization theory of trans effect
- (c) Give the methods of preparation and properties of organometallic compounds of aluminum. Discuss the structure of organoaluminium compounds. 5+5=10
 - (d) Discuss Eigen-Wilkins mechanism of ligand substitution reaction in octahedral complexes. Sketch the reaction profile for the reaction

$\left[Co(NEt_3)_5Cl\right]^{2+} + H_2O \rightarrow \left[Co(NEt_3)_5(H_2O)\right]^{3+} + Cl^{-}$

Clearly indicate intermediates and transition states. 5+5=10

(e) Discuss the structure of mononuclear, binuclear and polynuclear metal carbonyls. 10

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1+3+4+2=100

- (f) Describe various reactions of ferrocene, which establish its aromatic character. How can you say that aromaticity of ferrocene is even more than that of benzene ?
- (g) Discuss the inner sphere and outer sphere mechanism in electron transfer reactions giving suitable examples. 5+5=10
- (h) What are interfering radicals and how do they interfere in qualitative tests while performing salt analysis ? Discuss the methods of removal of phosphate and oxalate anions during salt analysis. 2+3+5 =10

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